



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MATHESON TRI-GAS, INC.

959 ROUTE 46 EAST

PARSIPPANY, NEW JERSEY 07054-0624

EMERGENCY CONTACT:

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

INFORMATION CONTACT:

973-257-1100

SUBSTANCE: BENZENE

TRADE NAMES/SYNONYMS:

MTG MSDS 107; BENZOL; CYCLOHEXATRIENE; BENZOLE; PHENE; PYROBENZOL; PYROBENZOLE; CARBON OIL; COAL TAR NAPHTHA; PHENYL HYDRIDE; BENZOLENE; BICARBURET OF HYDROGEN; COAL NAPHTHA; MOTOR BENZOL; ANNULENE; (6)ANNULENE; RCRA U019; STCC 4908110; UN 1114; C6H6; MAT02610; RTECS CY1400000

CHEMICAL FAMILY: hydrocarbons, aromatic

CREATION DATE: Jan 24 1989 REVISION DATE: Jun 17 2004

2. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT: BENZENE CAS NUMBER: 71-43-2 PERCENTAGE: >99

COMPONENT: THIOPHENE CAS NUMBER: 110-02-1 PERCENTAGE: 0.00010

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4): HEALTH=3 FIRE=3 REACTIVITY=0

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: COLOR: colorless to yellow PHYSICAL FORM: liquid

ODOR: distinct odor

MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS: respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation, central nervous







system depression, cancer hazard (in humans)

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

INHALATION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation, ringing in the ears, nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, symptoms of drunkenness, disorientation, blurred vision, lung congestion, blood disorders, paralysis, convulsions, coma

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: hearing loss, visual disturbances, reproductive effects, brain damage, cancer

SKIN CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation, blisters **LONG TERM EXPOSURE:** tingling sensation

EYE CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: irritation

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: no information on significant adverse effects

INGESTION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: nausea, vomiting, chest pain, headache, drowsiness, symptoms of drunkenness,

disorientation, visual disturbances, lung congestion, paralysis, convulsions, coma

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: impotence, cancer

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Contact local poison control center or physician immediately. Never make an unconscious person vomit or drink fluids. When vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. If person is unconscious, turn head to side. Get medical attention immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: For inhalation, consider oxygen. For ingestion, consider gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Severe fire hazard. Moderate explosion hazard. Vapor/air mixtures are explosive. The vapor is heavier than air. Vapors or gases may ignite at distant ignition sources and flash back. Electrostatic discharges may be generated by flow or agitation resulting in ignition or explosion.





EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam

Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

FIRE FIGHTING: Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Stay away from the ends of tanks. For fires in cargo or storage area: Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. If this is impossible then take the following precautions: Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Let the fire burn. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For tank, rail car or tank truck: Evacuation radius: 800 meters (1/2 mile). Water may be ineffective.

FLASH POINT: 12 F (-11 C) (CC) LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: 1.2% UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: 7.8% AUTOIGNITION: 928 F (498 C)

FLAMMABILITY CLASS (OSHA): IB

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

AIR RELEASE:

Reduce vapors with water spray. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

SOIL RELEASE:

Dig holding area such as lagoon, pond or pit for containment. Dike for later disposal. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material.

WATER RELEASE:

Cover with absorbent sheets, spill-control pads or pillows. Apply detergents, soaps, alcohols or another surface active agent. Collect with absorbent into suitable container. Absorb with activated carbon. Remove trapped material with suction hoses. Collect spilled material using mechanical equipment. Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

OCCUPATIONAL RELEASE:

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Remove sources of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106. Grounding and bonding required. Protect from physical damage. Store outside or in a detached building. Store with flammable liquids. Keep separated from incompatible substances. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

BENZENE:

1 ppm OSHA TWA

5 ppm OSHA STEL 15 minute(s)

0.5 ppm OSHA action level

10 ppm OSHA TWA (applies to industry exempt from benzene standard 1910.1028)

25 ppm OSHA ceiling (applies to industry exempt from benzene standard 1910.1028)

50 ppm OSHA peak 10 minute(s) (applies to industry exempt from benzene standard 1910.1028)

0.5 ppm ACGIH TWA (skin)

2.5 ppm ACGIH STEL (skin)

0.1 ppm NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s)

1 ppm NIOSH recommended STEL

VENTILATION: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ventilation equipment should be explosion-resistant if explosive concentrations of material are present. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

CLOTHING: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

GLOVES: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. OSHA REGULATED SUBSTANCES: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1028.

RESPIRATOR: The following respirators and maximum use concentrations are drawn from NIOSH and/or OSHA.

10 ppm

Any air-purifying respirator with a full facepiece and an organic vapor canister.

50 ppm

Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and organic vapor cartridge(s).

Any air-purifying respirator with a full facepiece and a canister providing protection against this substance.

100 ppm

Any powered, air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting facepiece and organic vapor cartridge(s).

1000 ppm



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Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

For Unknown Concentrations or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health -

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.

Escape -

Any air-purifying respirator with a full facepiece and an organic vapor canister.

Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: liquid COLOR: colorless to yellow

ODOR: distinct odor

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 78.11 MOLECULAR FORMULA: C6-H6 BOILING POINT: 176 F (80 C) FREEZING POINT: 43 F (6 C)

VAPOR PRESSURE: 75 mmHg @ 20 C

VAPOR DENSITY (air=1): 2.8

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water=1): 0.8765 @ 20 C

WATER SOLUBILITY: 0.18% @ 25 C

PH: Not available VOLATILITY: 100%

ODOR THRESHOLD: 4.68 ppm

EVAPORATION RATE: 5.1 (butyl acetate=1)

VISCOSITY: 0.6468 cP @ 20 C

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not available

SOLVENT SOLUBILITY:

Soluble: acetone, alcohol, carbon disulfide, acetic acid, carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, ether, oils

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: acids, bases, halogens, oxidizing materials, metal salts

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

Thermal decomposition products: oxides of carbon





POLYMERIZATION: Will not polymerize.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

BENZENE:

IRRITATION DATA:

15 mg/24 hour(s) open skin-rabbit mild; 20 mg/24 hour(s) skin-rabbit moderate; 88 mg eyes-rabbit moderate; 2 mg/24 hour(s) eyes-rabbit severe

TOXICITY DATA:

6.5 ml/kg/4 hour(s) inhalation-rat LC50; >9400 ul/kg skin-rabbit LD50; 1 ml/kg oral-rat LD50

CARCINOGEN STATUS: OSHA: Carcinogen; NTP: Known Human Carcinogen; IARC: Human Sufficient Evidence, Animal Sufficient Evidence, Group 1; ACGIH: A1 -Confirmed Human Carcinogen; EC: Category 1

LOCAL EFFECTS:

Irritant: inhalation, skin, eye **ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL:**Highly Toxic: dermal absorption
Moderately Toxic: ingestion
Slightly Toxic: inhalation

TARGET ORGANS: immune system (blood), central nervous system

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: blood system disorders, immune system

disorders or allergies

TUMORIGENIC DATA: Available. MUTAGENIC DATA: Available.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS DATA: Available.

ADDITIONAL DATA: May cross the placenta. Alcohol may enhance the toxic effects. Interactions with drugs

may occur.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY DATA:

FISH TOXICITY: 9200 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY: 10000 ug/L 48 hour(s) EC50 (Immobilization) Water flea (Daphnia magna)

ALGAL TOXICITY: 41000 ug/L 8 hour(s) EC50 (Growth) Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)

OTHER TOXICITY: 25 ug/L 24 day(s) (Residue) Wood frog (Rana sylvatica)

FATE AND TRANSPORT:

BIOCONCENTRATION: 4360 ug/L 24 day(s) BCF (Residue) Northern anchovy (Engraulis mordax) 97 ug/L



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): U019. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D018. Dispose of in accordance with U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262 for concentrations at or above the Regulatory level. Regulatory level- 0.5 mg/L. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101:

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Benzene

ID NUMBER: UN1114

HAZARD CLASS OR DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: II

LABELING REQUIREMENTS: 3



SHIPPING NAME: Benzene UN NUMBER: UN1114

CLASS: 3

PACKING GROUP/RISK GROUP: II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. REGULATIONS:

CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4):

Benzene: 10 LBS RQ

SARA TITLE III SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 355.30): Not

regulated.

SARA TITLE III SECTION 304 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 355.40): Not

regulated.

SARA TITLE III SARA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARDOUS CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

FIRE: Yes

REACTIVE: No

SUDDEN RELEASE: No

SARA TITLE III SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

Benzene







OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119): Not regulated.

STATE REGULATIONS:

California Proposition 65:

Known to the state of California to cause the following:

Benzene

Cancer (Feb 27, 1987) Developmental toxicity (Dec 26, 1997) Male reproductive toxicity (Dec 26, 1997)

CANADIAN REGULATIONS: WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: BD2

NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS:

U.S. INVENTORY (TSCA): Listed on inventory.

TSCA 12(b) EXPORT NOTIFICATION: Not listed.

CANADA INVENTORY (DSL/NDSL): Not determined.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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